House File 543 - Introduced

HOUSE FILE 543
BY COMMITTEE ON HUMAN
RESOURCES

(SUCCESSOR TO HF 276)

A BILL FOR

- 1 An Act relating to child in need of assistance and child abuse
- 2 cases involving certain drugs and other substances.
- 3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF IOWA:

- 1 Section 1. Section 232.2, subsection 6, paragraph p, Code
- 2 2017, is amended to read as follows:
- 3 p. Whose parent, guardian, or custodian, or other adult
- 4 member of the household in which a child resides does any
- 5 of the following: unlawfully uses, possesses, manufactures,
- 6 cultivates, or distributes a dangerous substance in the
- 7 presence of a child, or knowingly allows such use, possession,
- 8 manufacture, cultivation, or distribution by another person
- 9 in the presence of a child, or in the presence of a child
- 10 possesses a product containing ephedrine, its salts, optical
- 11 isomers, salts of optical isomers, or pseudoephedrine, its
- 12 salts, optical isomers, salts of optical isomers, with the
- 13 intent to use the product as a precursor or an intermediary to
- 14 a dangerous substance in the presence of a child; or unlawfully
- 15 uses, possesses, manufactures, cultivates, or distributes a
- 16 dangerous substance specified in subparagraph (2), subparagraph
- 17 division (a), (b), or (c), in a child's home, on the premises,
- 18 or in a motor vehicle located on the premises.
- 19 (1) For the purposes of this paragraph, "in the presence
- 20 of a child" means in the physical presence of a child during
- 21 the manufacture or possession, the manufacture or possession
- 22 occurred in a child's home, on the premises, or in a motor
- 23 vehicle located on the premises, or the manufacture or
- 24 possession occurred or occurring under other circumstances
- 25 in which a reasonably prudent person would know that the
- 26 use, possession, manufacture or possession, cultivation, or
- 27 <u>distribution</u> may be seen, smelled, <u>ingested</u>, or heard by a
- 28 child.
- 29 (2) For the purposes of this paragraph, "dangerous
- 30 substance" means any of the following:
- 31 (a) Amphetamine, its salts, isomers, or salts of its
- 32 isomers.
- 33 (b) Methamphetamine, its salts, isomers, or salts of its
- 34 isomers.
- 35 (c) A chemical or combination of chemicals that poses a

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- 1 reasonable risk of causing an explosion, fire, or other danger
- 2 to the life or health of persons who are in the vicinity while
- 3 the chemical or combination of chemicals is used or is intended
- 4 to be used in any of the following:
- 5 (i) The process of manufacturing an illegal or controlled 6 substance.
- 7 (ii) As a precursor in the manufacturing of an illegal or 8 controlled substance.
- 9 (iii) As an intermediary in the manufacturing of an illegal
- 10 or controlled substance.
- 11 (d) Cocaine, its salts, isomers, salts of its isomers, or
- 12 derivatives.
- 13 (e) Heroin, its salts, isomers, salts of its isomers, or
- 14 derivatives.
- 15 (f) Opium and opiate, and any salt, compound, derivative, or
- 16 preparation of opium or opiate.
- 17 Sec. 2. Section 232.68, subsection 2, paragraph a,
- 18 subparagraph (7), Code 2017, is amended to read as follows:
- 19 (7) The person responsible for the care of a child has,
- 20 in the presence of the a child, as defined in section 232.2,
- 21 subsection 6, paragraph "p", manufactured unlawfully uses,
- 22 possesses, manufactures, cultivates, or distributes a dangerous
- 23 substance, as defined in section 232.2, subsection 6, paragraph
- 24 "p", or in the presence of the child knowingly allows such
- 25 use, possession, manufacture, cultivation, or distribution
- 26 by another person in the presence of a child; possesses a
- 27 product containing ephedrine, its salts, optical isomers, salts
- 28 of optical isomers, or pseudoephedrine, its salts, optical
- 29 isomers, salts of optical isomers, with the intent to use
- 30 the product as a precursor or an intermediary to a dangerous
- 31 substance in the presence of a child; or unlawfully uses,
- 32 possesses, manufactures, cultivates, or distributes a dangerous
- 33 substance specified in section 232.2, subsection 6, paragraph
- 34 "p", subparagraph (2), subparagraph division (a), (b), or (c),
- 35 in a child's home, on the premises, or in a motor vehicle

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1 located on the premises.
 2
      Sec. 3.
              Section 232.77, subsection 2, Code 2017, is amended
 3 to read as follows:
      2. a. If a health practitioner discovers in a child
 5 physical or behavioral symptoms of the effects of exposure
 6 to cocaine, heroin, amphetamine, methamphetamine, or other
 7 illegal drugs, or combinations or derivatives thereof, which
 8 were not prescribed by a health practitioner, or if the health
 9 practitioner has determined through examination of the natural
10 mother of the child that the child was exposed in utero, the
11 health practitioner may perform or cause to be performed a
12 medically relevant test, as defined in section 232.73, on the
13 child. The practitioner shall report any positive results of
14 such a test on the child to the department. The department
15 shall begin an assessment pursuant to section 232.71B upon
16 receipt of such a report. A positive test result obtained
17 prior to the birth of a child shall not be used for the criminal
18 prosecution of a parent for acts and omissions resulting in
19 intrauterine exposure of the child to an illegal drug.
20
      b. If a health practitioner involved in the delivery or
21 care of a newborn or infant discovers in the newborn or infant
22 physical or behavioral symptoms that are consistent with the
23 effects of prenatal drug exposure or a fetal alcohol spectrum
24 disorder, the health practitioner shall report such information
25 to the department in a manner prescribed by rule of the
26 department.
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27 EXPLANATION

The inclusion of this explanation does not constitute agreement with the explanation's substance by the members of the general assembly.

30 This bill relates to certain drugs and other substances and

32 The bill amends the definition of a child in need of

31 child in need of assistance and child abuse cases.

33 assistance to provide that an unmarried child whose parent,

34 guardian, custodian, or other adult member of the child's

35 household unlawfully uses, possesses, manufactures, cultivates,

1 or distributes a dangerous substance in the presence of a child 2 or knowingly allows such activities by another person in the 3 presence of a child; possesses a product with the intent to use 4 the product as a precursor or an intermediary to a dangerous 5 substance in the presence of a child; or unlawfully uses, 6 possesses, manufactures, cultivates, or distributes a dangerous 7 substance that is an amphetamine, a methamphetamine, or a 8 chemical or chemicals that pose a reasonable risk of causing a 9 fire or explosion in a child's home, on the premises, or in a 10 motor vehicle located on the premises, may be the subject of a 11 child in need of assistance petition. 12 The bill amends the definition of child abuse to provide that 13 a person responsible for the care of a child who unlawfully 14 uses, possesses, manufactures, cultivates, or distributes a 15 dangerous substance in the presence of a child or knowingly 16 allows such activities by another person in the presence of a 17 child; possesses a product with the intent to use the product 18 as a precursor or an intermediary to a dangerous substance 19 in the presence of a child; or unlawfully uses, possesses, 20 manufactures, cultivates, or distributes a dangerous substance 21 that is an amphetamine, a methamphetamine, or a chemical or 22 chemicals that pose a reasonable risk of causing a fire or 23 explosion in a child's home, on the premises, or in a motor 24 vehicle located on the premises may be the subject of an 25 allegation of child abuse. The bill amends the definitions of "in the presence of a 26 27 child" and "dangerous substance" for purposes of both child 28 in need of assistance and child abuse definitions. "In 29 the presence of a child means in the physical presence of 30 a child or occurring under other circumstances in which a 31 reasonably prudent person would know that the use, possession, 32 manufacture, cultivation, or distribution may be seen, 33 smelled, ingested, or heard by a child. The bill includes 34 cocaine, heroin, and opium or opiates in the list of dangerous 35 substances.

The bill requires a health practitioner involved in the delivery or care of a newborn or infant, who discovers in the newborn or infant physical or behavioral symptoms that are consistent with the effects of prenatal drug exposure or a fetal alcohol spectrum disorder, to report such information to the department of human services in a manner prescribed by rule of the department. "Health practitioner" is defined in Code section 232.2 to mean a licensed physician or surgeon, osteopathic physician or surgeon, dentist, optometrist, podiatric physician, or chiropractor, a resident or intern of any such profession, and any registered nurse or licensed practical nurse. This reporting requirement is required under the federal Child Abuse Prevention and Treatment Act (CAPTA).